

MATHEMATICS 264 Fall 2006 Assignment 2

Due in class Thursday Sept. 28

1. Find the volume in the upper half space $z \geq 0$ below the cone $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 2x$.
2. Find the area of the surface of the cone $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ which lies in the upper half space $z \geq 0$ and inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 2y$.
3. Using spherical polar co-ordinates, calculate

$$\bar{z} = \frac{\int \int \int_{\mathcal{R}} z \, dV}{\int \int \int_{\mathcal{R}} dV}$$

where dV is the element of volume and \mathcal{R} is the region in the upper half space $z \geq 0$ inside the sphere of radius $a > 0$ centered at the origin which lies above the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$

4. For the surface $\mathbf{r}(u, v)$, the vector element of surface is given by

$$d\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v \, du \, dv = \mathbf{n} \, dS$$

where \mathbf{n} is the unit normal to the tangent plane. With this convention, calculate, for the hemisphere \mathcal{R} of radius $a > 0$ centered at the origin with $z \geq 0$, using spherical polar co-ordinates (take $u = \theta, v = \phi$)

- (a) $\int \int_{\mathcal{R}} \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$
- (b) $\int \int_{\mathcal{R}} \|\mathbf{r}\|^{-3} \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$